

# POINTERS TO QUICKEN THE MEMORIES OF THE VETERANS

A complete list of the numerous historical points of interest in and about the city with a short sketch of the part each played in the history of Washington has been prepared by the committee on the marking of points of historic interest and was given out last night by Mr. W. P. Van Winkle, chairman of the committee. Each place enumerated has been provided with a neat sign bearing in addition a short sketch.

## Capitol and War History.

**THE CAPITOL: SENATE CHAMBER.**—The Washington Artillery, of Pottsville, Pa., and the Allen Rifles, of Allentown, Pa., part of the first detachment of volunteers to reach Washington, were quartered here for the night of April 18, 1861.

**THE CAPITOL.**—The Fifth and Eighth Massachusetts Regiments, the Twenty-fifth New York Regiment and Ellsworth's Fire Zouaves were quartered in the Capitol.

**THE CAPITOL: HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.**—The National Light Infantry, of Pottsville, Pa., the Ringgold Artillery, of Reading, Pa., and the Logan Guards, of Lewistown, Pa., part of the first detachment of volunteers to reach Washington, were quartered here for the night of April 18, 1861.

**THE CAPITOL: HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.**—The first quarters of the Seventh New York Regiment.

**THE CAPITOL: SENATE CHAMBER.**—The first quarters of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, for the night of April 18, 1861.

**THE KENMORE, NORTH CAPITOL STREET, BETWEEN B AND C STREETS NORTHWEST.**—On this site George Washington began to build a residence for himself, but never completed the house.

**BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD STATION, NEW JERSEY AVENUE AND C STREET NORTHWEST.**—The site of "Soldiers' Rest," where arriving troops were halted, is on the right hand side of the train shed, going east.

**NORTHWEST CORNER OF INDIANA AVENUE AND C STREET NORTHWEST.**—This building, then the office of the "National Residency" was the headquarters of the "Wide Awake" during the Presidential canvass of 1860, and was also used as the army of the Eighth Battalion of the District troops.

**Resort of German Troops.**

**NEW JERSEY AVENUE, BETWEEN B AND C STREETS NORTHWEST.**—The site of Turner Hall, a popular resort for the German troops, and the Turner Rifles had an armory in the building.

**NORTH CAPITOL AND K STREETS NORTHWEST.**—The site of the "National Residency" was the headquarters of the "Wide Awake" during the Presidential canvass of 1860, and was also used as the army of the Eighth Battalion of the District troops.

**H STREET, BETWEEN SEVENTEENTH AND EIGHTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—The residence of the Hon. Caleb B. Smith, Secretary of the Interior from 1861 to 1863.

**205 I STREET NORTHWEST.**—This house, used as a hospital during the war, was occupied at a residence by General Grant when he was elected to the Presidency. It then became the home of General Sherman, and later of Mayor Emery.

**I STREET, RUNNING TO H STREET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of Stanton Hospital.

**NEW JERSEY AVENUE AND I STREET NORTHWEST, RUNNING BACK TO K AND SECOND STREETS ("MINNESOTA ROW").**—Site of Douglas Hospital.

**COLUMBIA LAW BUILDING.**—Site of old Trinity Church, in which the Twelfth New York Regiment was quartered.

**C AND THIRD STREETS NORTHWEST, TRINITY CHURCH.**—Site of Trinity Hospital.

**360 AND 364 C STREET NORTHWEST.**—Site of C Street Hospital.

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, ST. CHARLES HOTEL.**—Vice President Hannibal Hamlin lived in this house.

**Secretary Welles Home.**

**1607 H STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of the Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy from 1861 to 1868.

**H STREET BETWEEN VERMONT AVENUE AND FIFTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of the Hon. Thomas A. Scott, Assistant Secretary of War.

**NORTHEAST CORNER OF H AND FIFTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Residence of Gen. George B. McClellan.

**F STREET BETWEEN TWELFTH AND THIRTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Residence of the Hon. Edward Bates, Attorney General from 1861 to 1863.

**SOUTHWEST CORNER OF C AND FOURTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Metropolitan Methodist Church—Here Bishop Newman preached, and General Grant, later General Logan, Secretary Chase, and later President McKinley, attended service.

**SOUTHWEST CORNER PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Colonial Station Building, in which the Third New Jersey, Second New York, and Twenty-ninth Pennsylvania Regiments were quartered.

**INDIANA AND LOUISIANA AVENUES, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS (THE CITY HALL).**—Site of the City Hall Hospital.

**Where First Soldiers Camped.**

**JUDICIARY SQUARE.**—The first soldiers to arrive in Washington were from Allentown, Lewistown, Pottsville, and Reading, Pa., and they were quartered on this site in the inaugural ball room.

**JUDICIARY SQUARE, REAR OF CITY HALL.**—Site of Judiciary Square Hospital.

**JUDICIARY SQUARE, SITE NOW OCCUPIED BY THE EXTENSION OF THE COURT HOUSE.**—Here stood the building used for the inaugural ball, on March 4, 1861.

**NORTH SIDE OF E STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of City Infirmary Hospital, the only one at first, and to which, on April 19, 1861, were taken the men of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, who were wounded in Baltimore. It was burned in 1871.

**SCHOOL HOUSE ON 44th STREET N. W., ON JULY 4th SQUARE, OPPOSITE F STREET.**—Site of the Fifth Street Hospital.

**MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—The house now occupied by Engle Company No. 6, was used as an armory by the Metropolitan Rifles.

**BOUNDARY STREET, NORTHERN LIMIT OF FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of Campbell Hospital.

**Home of Daniel Webster.**

**D STREET, NEAR FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of Daniel Webster.

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, OPPOSITE NATIONAL HOTEL AND WEST OF THE CLARENDON.**—The Twenty-eighth New York Regiment was quartered here.

**LOUISIANA AVENUE EAST OF SIXTH STREET.**—Assembly Rooms, afterward Canterbury Hall.

Here were quartered the Twelfth New York and Fourth Pennsylvania Regiments.

**NORTHWEST CORNER E AND SIXTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Residence of Hon. Samuel P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury, from 1861 to 1864.

**D AND SIXTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Unitarian Church, on site of Cranch Hospital.

**E STREET BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Baptist Church on site of Cranch Hospital.

**NORTH SIDE OF E STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STS. NORTHWEST.**—The Seminary, the part of which still standing is an old brick house somewhat back of the building line. Company F, of the Fourth United States Artillery, was sent to the Seminary on its arrival in the city, where it was soon followed by the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, who brought with them their men wounded in battle in Baltimore. Company H, of the Second United States Cavalry, was also quartered here.

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STS. NORTHWEST.**—Egan's Building, now May's, in which the German Rifles (Blenker's) were quartered.

**SOUTH SIDE OF MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—The First Pennsylvania Regiment was quartered here.

**The Washington Zouaves.**

**SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST, NEXT TO ODD FELLOWS HALL.**—The Washington Zouaves and the 3rd Maine Guards used this building as an armory.

**SEVENTH STREET, NEAR D STREET NORTHWEST, ODD FELLOWS HALL.**—The Washington City Guard and Company C, National Guard, used this building as an armory.

**C AND SEVENTH STREETS NORTHWEST, RUNNING THROUGH TO P AND Q STREETS.**—Site of Wiswell Barracks.

**SEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN F AND G STREETS NORTHWEST.**—THE PATENT OFFICE—Site of Patent Office Hospital.

**THE PATENT OFFICE.**—The First and Second Island regiments were quartered here.

**NORTHEAST CORNER OF H AND EIGHTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of the headquarters of the Christian Commission.

**H STREET, BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Ascension Church. The site of Ascension Hospital.

**NINTH STREET, BETWEEN G AND H STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Presbyterian Church. On site of Ascension Hospital.

**EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN H AND I STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Methodist Church, South. On site of Ascension Hospital.

**SOUTH SIDE OF LOUISIANA AVENUE, BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of the Central Guard House.

**Location of Ohio Troops.**

**NORTHEAST CORNER OF LOUISIANA AVENUE AND TENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—American Organ Building, in which the First and Second Ohio Regiments were quartered.

**NINTH STREET BETWEEN D AND E STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of Boyd's, where the First and Second Ohio Regiments were quartered.

**E STREET, BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Temperance Hall, The National Rifles and Company A, of the Union Regiment, used this building as an armory.

**SOUTH SIDE OF PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, EAST OF TENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Chesapeake Hall, over Combs' restaurant. The Washington Infantry used this building as an armory.

**TENTH STREET, BETWEEN E AND F STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Ford's Theater. In this building President Lincoln was assassinated.

**NO. 536 TENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Peterson House, opposite Ford's Theater. In this house President Lincoln died.

**D STREET BETWEEN TENTH AND ELEVENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Woodward building, now Kaufman's. The First and Fourth Michigan, the Fourth New Jersey, and the Fifth and Twelfth New York Regiments were quartered here.

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND TWELFTH STREET NORTHWEST (THE RALEIGH).**—Site of the Kirkwood House, where Vice President Andrew Johnson resided, and where he was sworn in as President.

**Where General Wright Died.**

**NO. 1203 N STREET NORTHWEST.**—Gen. H. C. Wright, the commander of the Sixth Corps, resided and died in this house.

**SOUTHEAST CORNER OF PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND THIRTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—COLUMBIAN MARKET, NOW GIBSON'S PRINTING OFFICE—The First New Jersey and the Sixty-ninth New York Regiments were quartered here.

**E AND THIRTEENTH AND A HALF STREETS NORTHWEST (MAHER'S OLD HOTEL).**—The First New Hampshire Regiment was quartered here.

**SOUTHWEST CORNER OF E AND THIRTEENTH AND A HALF STREETS NORTHWEST (HALL'S COACH MAKING).**—The First New Hampshire Regiment was quartered here.

**F STREET, BETWEEN TWELFTH AND THIRTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Henry Clay, Representative, Senator, and Secretary of State, resided in this house.

**F STREET, BETWEEN THIRTEENTH AND FOURTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST (ADAMS BUILDING).**—Site of headquarters for the Sanitary Commission.

**G STREET, BETWEEN 12TH AND 14TH STREETS NORTHWEST (EPHRAIM CHURCH).**—The site of Epiphany Hospital.

**THIRTEENTH STREET, BETWEEN G AND H STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Baptist Church. The site of Epiphany Hospital.

**G AND FOURTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of Foundry Church, where President Hayes attended. It was named from the fact that it was erected as a thank-offering by Foxhall, the owner of a foundry which escaped destruction by the English, when they burned Washington in the war of 1812.

**President Lincoln's Church.**

**H STREET AND NEW YORK AVENUE.**—New York Avenue Presbyterian Church. In this church President Lincoln worshipped.

**NO. 1323 K STREET NORTHWEST.**—The Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War from 1862 to 1865, resided and died in this house.

**NORTHEAST CORNER OF I AND THIRTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Residence of Gen. James A. Garfield, before his election as President.

**FRANKLIN SQUARE, I AND K STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Here was the

camp of the Twelfth New York Regiment.

**VERMONT AVENUE, BETWEEN M AND N STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Christian Church attended by President Garfield.

**VERMONT AVENUE AND N STREET NORTHWEST.**—House in which Gen. Montgomery C. Meigs, Quartermaster General, lived and died.

**MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE AND FOURTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Hill Mansion, site of Desmarre's Bar and Eyo Hotel.

**Hotel of Lincoln and Grant.**

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND FIFTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST (THE NEW WILLARD).**—Site of the old Willard, where President Lincoln stopped on his arrival in Washington in 1861, and where General Grant was staying when he made lieutenant general.

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND FIFTEENTH STREET, THE TREASURY.**—The Fifth Massachusetts Regiment was quartered here.

**OPPOSITE SOUTH FRONT OF THE TREASURY.**—Pedestal for statue of General Sherman.

**SOUTHEAST CORNER OF F AND FIFTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of the Pay Department of the Department of Washington.

**PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE BETWEEN FIFTEENTH STREET AND MADISON PLACE.**—NEW RIGGS BANK—Site of the office of the Surgeon General.

**H AND FIFTEENTH STREETS N. W. ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH.**—An alarm was rung with the bell of this church by General Stone, in April, 1861, upon the supposed approach of the Confederate army.

**FIFTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of Hon. Simon Cameron, Secretary of War from 1861 to 1862.

**MADISON PLACE, LAFAYETTE SQUARE.**—Site of residence of Secretary of State, W. H. Seward, in which he was attacked by an assassin on April 14, 1865. James G. Blaine lived here when he was Secretary of State.

**A Historical Dwelling.**

**H STREET AND MADISON PLACE.**—COSMOS CLUB. This house once the home of Dolly Madison, after the death of her husband, the President, and later of Admiral Wilkes, was the headquarters of Gen. George B. McClellan, while in command of the Army of the Potomac.

**CENTER OF SOUTH SIDE OF LAFAYETTE SQUARE, OPPOSITE THE WHITE HOUSE.**—Site of the reviewing stand before which passed the armies of the United States in 1865.

**NORTHWEST CORNER OF VERMONT AVENUE AND H STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of Senator Charles Sumner, of Massachusetts.

**H AND SIXTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—In this church General Scott, General McClellan, and President Arthur worshipped.

**PARRAGUT SQUARE.**—Here were stationed Magruder's and Griffin's batteries.

**NO. 6 JACKSON PLACE.**—Residence of the Hon. Montgomery Blair, Postmaster General from 1861 to 1864.

**SOUTHWEST CORNER OF JACKSON PLACE AND H STREET.**—The home of Commodore Decatur, the hero of Tripoli, who died here after his duel, in 1820.

**WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS, SOUTH OF MANSION.**—Site of Round Barracks.

**WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS, SOUTH OF MANSION.**—Site of Reynolds Barracks.

**Camp of "The Bucktails."**

**WHITE LOT, SOUTH OF WHITE HOUSE.**—Here were encamped the Pennsylvania Regiments, commonly called "Bucktails."

**H NEAR SEVENTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of George Bancroft, the historian.

**RHINE ISLAND AVENUE AND SEVENTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—General Sheridan resided in this house.

**I AND SEVENTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—PARRAGUT APARTMENT HOUSE—Site of home of General McClellan, once commander-in-chief of the United States Army.

**CORNER PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND SEVENTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Site of headquarters of the Department of Washington.

**NORTHEAST CORNER PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND SEVENTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—OLD ART GALLERY—Headquarters of the Quartermaster General.

**WAR DEPARTMENT BUILDING, NORTH FRONT.**—Site of the War Department.

**WAR DEPARTMENT BUILDING, CENTER WINGS.**—Site of the Navy Department.

**WAR DEPARTMENT—Company D, Second United States Cavalry** was quartered here, with Company H, of the same regiment, at Fort Belvoir, at Texas, and they were the first troops to arrive in defense of the Capital, reaching here April 15, 1861.

**General Scott's Quarters.**

**SEVENTEENTH STREET, NEAR G STREET NORTHWEST.**—This building was the headquarters of General Scott, F and SEVENTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.

**HEADQUARTERS OF THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS.**

**F AND SEVENTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Headquarters of General Halleck, and afterward of General Grant.

**FOOT OF SEVENTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of General Van Dusen, who married the daughter of Daniel Burns, the original owner of the ground now occupied by the White House, the Treasury, and the State and Navy Departments.

**NO. 152 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.**—General Winfield Scott resided in this building.

**NO. 1712 H STREET.**—Residence of Admiral Porter.

**G AND EIGHTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—EVERETT HOUSE—Office of the Depot Quartermaster General.

**G AND EIGHTEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Office of Depot Quartermaster for supplying the Army of the Potomac.

**NO. 1323 H STREET NORTHWEST.**—Residence of General Ambrose E. Burnside.

**NEW YORK AVENUE AND EIGHTEENTH STREET, OCTAGON HOUSE.**—President Madison resided here after the burning of the White House by the English in 1814.

**Early Day Executive Office.**

**NORTHWEST CORNER PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND NINETEENTH STREET.**—Executive offices occupied temporarily by Presidents Madison and Monroe.

**BETWEEN M AND N, EIGHTEENTH AND NINETEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of Williams Barracks.

**BETWEEN M AND N, EIGHTEENTH AND NINETEENTH STREETS NORTHWEST.**—Site of Sedgwick Barracks.

**TWENTIETH STREET, NEAR PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE NORTHWEST.**—Site of Union Chapel Hospital.

**INTERSECTION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW HAMPSHIRE AVENUES AND TWENTY-THIRD STREET N. W.**—RUNNING TO I AND TWENTY-SECOND STREETS—Site of Martindale Barracks.

**SAME LOCATION AS MARTINDALE BARRACKS.**—Site of Camp Fry, or Fry Barracks.

**Some Noted Hospitals.**

**K AND TWENTY-FOURTH STREETS, WASHINGTON CIRCLE, RIGGS HOUSE.**—Site of the Circle Hospital.

**GEORGETOWN, HIGH STREET, BETWEEN WATER'S WAREHOUSE AND GEORGETOWN, BETWEEN CONGRESS AND HIGH STREETS, METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.**—Site of Georgetown Street Hospital.

**GEORGETOWN, DAY AND WASHINGTON STREETS, REAR OF UNION HOTEL.**—Site of Seminary (offices) Hospital.

**GEORGETOWN, BRIDGE AND WASHINGTON STREETS, (UNION HOTEL).**—Site of the Union Hotel Hospital.

**GEORGETOWN, BRIDGE AND WASHINGTON STREETS, (PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH).**—Site of Presbyterian Church Hospital.

**GEORGETOWN, NO. 3051 M STREET.**—STONE HOUSE—Headquarters used by George Washington in 1791, when surveying the District of Columbia.

**GEORGETOWN, NO. 1256 THIRTY-SECOND STREET (FORREST HALL).**—The Potomac Light Infantry used this building as its armory.

**GEORGETOWN, NO. 1256 THIRTY-SECOND STREET NORTHWEST.**—Forrest Hall, used as a military prison.

**GEORGETOWN, M STREET, NEAR AQUEDUCT BRIDGE, KEY MANSION.**—Francis Scott Key, author of "The Star Spangled Banner," resided in this house.

**GEORGETOWN—Georgetown College.**—Site of college hospital.

**GEORGETOWN—LINGAN, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND STREETS, NEAR COLLEGE (TRINITY CHURCH).**—Site of Trinity Church Hospital.

**MARYLAND AVENUE, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND STREETS SOUTH (ENGRAVING SHOP).**—The Fourteenth New York Regiment was quartered here.

**Arms of "Three-Months" Troops.**

**SIXTH STREET SOUTH (MILL BUILDING).**—This was the armory where were stored the arms and ammunition furnished to the troops of the District for three months' service in 1861.

**ON PART OF RESERVATION 17, EAST OF SEVENTH STREET, RUNNING TO B STREET SOUTH, IN OLD COLUMBIA ARMY AND BARBERSHOP.**—Site of Armory Square Hospital.

**VIRGINIA AVENUE AND SIXTH STREET SOUTH.**—Site of Island Hall Hospital.

**D AND TENTH STREETS SOUTH (RYLAND CHAPEL).**—Site of Ryland Hospital.

**D AND NINTH STREETS SOUTH (RYLAND CHURCH).**—Site of Ryland Hospital.

**ARENAL GROUNDS—United States Engineer Battalion** was quartered in buildings on this site from November, 1861, to March, 1862. Company A arrived in Washington January 20, 1861, and was quartered here.

**ARENAL GROUNDS.**—The battalion named in preceding paragraph camped upon the adjoining grounds September 3 to 7, 1862.

**ARENAL GROUNDS (WASHINGTON ARENAL).**—Site of Washington Arsenal Hospital.

**Drill Grounds of War Times.**

**ARENAL GROUNDS.**—These grounds were used for drilling and other military purposes. Company I of the First United States Infantry was also quartered here.

**NEW JERSEY AVENUE AND B STREET SOUTHEAST (MARINE HOSPITAL BUILDING).**—Gen. Benjamin F. Butler built these three houses of granite, and lived in the central one, on New Jersey Avenue.

**I A STREET SOUTHEAST (CASPARI'S HOUSE).**—Site of Caspari's Hospital.

**FIRST STREET SOUTHEAST, BETWEEN B AND C STREETS.**—Site of Fever Hospital.

**E AND FIRST STREETS SOUTHEAST.**—Site of Sherburne Barracks. Site of Russell Barracks.

**SECOND STREET SOUTHEAST, BETWEEN E AND F STREETS.**—Site of Capitol Barracks.

**FOURTH STREET SOUTHEAST, BETWEEN E AND G STREETS.**—Site of Ebenezer Hospital.

**SOUTHEAST CORNER OF G AND SIXTH STREETS SOUTHEAST.**—The Washington Howitzers used this building as its armory.

**EIGHTH STREET SOUTHEAST, NEAR NAVY YARD (OLD FELLOWS HALL).**—Site of Old Fellows Hall Hospital.

**Site of U. S. Barracks.**

**EIGHTH STREET SOUTHEAST, NEAR NAVY YARD (OLD FELLOWS HALL).**—Site of U. S. Barracks.

**I STREET SOUTHEAST, NEAR NAVY YARD (CAMP ALEXANDER).**—Site of Engineer Brigade Hospital.

**UNITED STATES NAVY YARD.**—The Seventy-first New York Regiment was quartered here.

**EAST CAPITOL STREET AT LINCOLN PARK.**—Site of Lincoln Barracks and Lincoln Hospital.

**ABOUT ONE MILE EAST OF THE CAPITOL, NEAR ALMHOUSE AND CONGRESSIONAL CEMETERY.**—Site of Emory Hospital.

**ON HEIGHTS BACK OF ANACOSTIA, D. C. FORMERLY UNIONTOWN.**—St. Elizabeth's Hospital for the Insane.

**A AND FIRST STREETS NORTHEAST.**—Site of the old Capitol Prison.

**NORTH BOUNDARY STREET, ON BLADENBURG ROAD, NEAR KENDALL GREEN.**—Site of Finley Hospital.

**SOLDIERS' HOME GROUNDS.**—In this house President Lincoln spent the summer months, including July, 1864, during the siege of Vicksburg.

**SEVENTH STREET ROAD, BRIGHTWOOD HOTEL.**—Headquarters of Gen. Alexander D. McCook, during the battle of July 11-12, 1864.

**FORT STEVENS.**—Fort Stevens, first called Fort Massachusetts, but renamed after Gen. Isaac I. Stevens, who fell at the battle of Chantilly. In front of this fort the Confederate troops, under General Early, were defeated on July 11-12, 1864. President Lincoln was on the parapet, with Gen. H. G. Wright, exposed to the fire of the enemy.

**RAVINE ON BATTLEFIELD.**—In this ravine the Sixth Corps formed before the charge which forced the Confederates to retire from before Washington. In this charge the commanding officer of every regiment taking part was either killed or wounded.

**A CONFEDERATE OUTPOST.**—An outpost used during Early's attack on Fort Stevens, July, 1864.